Technical support: support@abbkine.com

Website: https://www.abbkine.com

CheKine™ Micro Soil Alkaline (S-ALPT) Protease Activity Assay Kit

Cat #: KTB4044 Size: 48 T/48 S 96 T/96 S

FQ	Micro Soil Alkaline (S-ALPT) Protease Activity Assay Kit			
REF	Cat #: KTB4044	LOT	Lot #: Refer to product label	
	Applicable samples: Soli			
Ĵ	Storage: Stored at 4°C for 6 months, protected from light			

Assay Principle

Soil proteases are involved in the transformation of amino acids, proteins, and other organic compounds containing protein nitrogen present in the soil. Their hydrolysis products serve as one of the nitrogen sources for higher plants. S-ALPT (Soil Alkaline Protease) catalyzes the hydrolysis of proteins under alkaline conditions, a process associated with soil organic matter content, nitrogen levels, and other soil properties. CheKine™ Micro Soil Alkaline Protease (S-ALPT) Activity Assay Kit offers a simple, convenient, and rapid method for detecting S-ALPT activity in soil samples. The detection principle is based on tyrosine reducing phosphomolybdic acid compounds to produce tungsten blue under alkaline conditions, which has a characteristic absorption peak at 680 nm.

Materials Supplied and Storage Conditions

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Kit components	48 T 96 T		Storage conditions	
Reagent I	10 mL	20 mL	4°C	
Reagent II	Powder×1 vial	Powder×1 vial	4°C, protected from light	
Reagent III	Powder×1 vial	Powder×1 vial	4°C, protected from light	
Reagent IV	Powder×1 vial	Powder×1 vial	4°C	
Reagent V	8 mL	16 mL	4°C, protected from light	
Reagent VI	2.5 mL	5 mL	4°C	
Standard	1 mL	1 mL	4°C, protected from light	

Note: Before formal testing, it is recommended to select 2-3 samples with large expected differences for pre-experiment.

Materials Required but Not Supplied

- · Microplate reader or visible spectrophotometer capable of measuring absorbance at 680 nm
- 96-well plate or microglass cuvette, precision pipettes, disposable pipette tips, 1.5 mL EP tube



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- · Water bath, centrifuge, 30-50 mesh sieve
- · Deionized water

Reagent Preparation

Reagent I: Ready to use as supplied; Equilibrate to room temperature before use; Store at 4°C.

Working Reagent II: Prepared before use. 48 T add 6 mL deionized water, 96 T add 12 mL deionized water to fully dissolve; The remaining reagent can also be stored at 4°C, protected from light for 1 month.

Working Reagent III:Prepared before use. 48 T add 2 mL Reagent VI, 96 T add 4 mL Reagent VI, and dissolve by magnetic stirring in boiling water bath. (You can cover the beaker with a layer of fresh-keeping film, pay attention to observation, avoid all evaporation of water, generally heat for 15-30 min, the reagent is supersaturated, and the use of insoluble particles will not be affected after full mixing.) Then 48 T add 8 mL Reagent I, 96 T add 16 mL Reagent I, fully mixed for use. The remaining reagent can also be stored at 4°C, protected from light for 1 month.

Working Reagent IV: Prepared before use. 48 T add 37.5 mL deionized water, 96 T add 75 mL deionized water to fully dissolve; The remaining reagent can also be stored at 4°C for 1 month.

Reagent V: Ready to use as supplied; Equilibrate to room temperature before use; Store at 4°C, protected from light.

Note: Reagent II has a pungent odor, Reagent V is toxic, so it is recommended to experiment in a fume hood.

Reagent VI: Ready to use as supplied; Equilibrate to room temperature before use; Store at 4°C.

Standard: Ready to use as supplied; 20 μmol/mL Tyrosine. Equilibrate to room temperature before use; Store at 4°C, protected from light.

0.4 μmol/mL Standard: Prepared before use, take 20 μL Standard, add 980 μL deionized water, mix thoroughly, and obtain 0.4 μmol/mL Standard.

Note: 0.4 μ mol/mL Standard needs to be prepared for each experiment, and the diluted 0.4 μ mol/mL Standard should be used up within 4 h.

Sample Preparation

Note: Note: It is recommended to use fresh soil samples.

Fresh soil samples naturally air dried or air dried in an oven at 37°C and sieved through 30-50 mesh sieve.

Assay Procedure

- 1. Preheat the microplate reader or visible spectrophotometer for more than 30 min, and adjust the wavelength to 680 nm. Visible spectrophotometer was returned to zero with deionized water.
- 2. Sample measurement. (The following operations are operated in the 1.5 mL EP tube)

Reagent	Test Tube	Control Tube	Standard Tube	Blank Tube
Sample (g)	0.04	0.04	0	0
Reagent I (μL)	0	150	0	0
Working Reagent III (μL)	150	0	0	0

Mix thoroughly, put it in an incubator at 37°C to react for 24 h, during which it oscillates for 5-6 times to make the soil sample fully contact with the reaction solution.

Working Reagent ∣∣ (μL)	50	50	0	0

Mix thoroughly, centrifuge at 8,000 g for 10 min at 25°C, take the supernatant. The following operations are operated in the new 1.5 mL EP tube:

Supernatant (μL)	60	60	0	0
0.4 μmol/mL Standard (μL)	0	0	60	0



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Deionized Water (μL)	0	0	0	60
Working Reagent Ⅳ (μL)	280	280	280	280
Reagent ∨ (μL)	60	60	60	60

^{3.} Mix thoroughly, put in 40°C for 20 min, centrifuge at 8,000 g for 10 min at 25°C. Add 200 μ L to micro glass cuvette/96-well plate, detect the absorbance at 680 nm. the Test Tube is marked as A_{Test} , the Control Tube is marked as $A_{Control}$, the Standard Tube is marked as $A_{Standard}$, and the Blank Tube is recorded as A_{Blank} . Finally calculate $\Delta A_{Test} = A_{Test} - A_{Control}$, $\Delta A_{Standard} = A_{Standard} - A_{Blank}$.

Note: (1) The Blank Tube and the Standard Tube only need to be done 1-2 times. In order to guarantee the accuracy of experimental results, need to do a pre-experiment with 2-3 samples. (2) If ΔA_{Test} is less than 0.01, increase the sample quantity appropriately. If ΔA_{Test} is greater than 0.8, supernatant after adding Working Reagent II can be appropriately diluted with deionized water, the calculated result multiplied by the dilution factor, or decrease the sample quantity appropriately.

Data Analysis

Note: We provide you with calculation formulae, including the derivation process and final formula. The two are exactly equal. It is suggested that the concise calculation formula in bold is final formula.

Calculation of the S-ALPT activity

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzymes catalyzes the generation of 1 µmol tyrosine in the reaction system every g sample everyday.

 $S-ALPT(U/g\ soil) = C_{Standard} \times \Delta A_{Test} + \Delta A_{Standard} \times V_{Total\ volume} + W + T = 0.08 \times \Delta A_{Test} + \Delta A_{Standard} + W$

 $C_{Standard}$: 0.4 µmol/mL tyrosine solution; $V_{Total\ volume}$: Reaction total volume, 0.2 mL; W: Sample weight, g; T: The reaction time, 24 h=1 d.

Typical Data

The following data are for reference only. And the experimenters need to test the samples according to their own experiments.

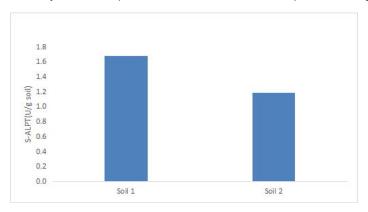


Figure 1. Determination of S-ALPT activity in soil sample by this kit.

Recommended Products

Catalog No.	Product Name
KTB4012	CheKine™ Micro Soil Nitrate Nitrogen Assay Kit
KTB4014	CheKine™ Micro Acid Soil Available Phosphorous Assay Kit
KTB4041	CheKine™ Micro Soil Alkaline Phosphatase(S-AKP/ALP) Activity Assay Kit



KTB4050 CheKine™ Micro Soil Catalase (S-CAT) Activity Assay Kit	
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Disclaimer

The reagent is only used in the field of scientific research, not suitable for clinical diagnosis or other purposes. For your safety and health, please wear a lab coat and disposable gloves.

